

These assessments are Common Core aligned. There is also a checklist with all of the standards included that you can use for each student once you have completed each standard.

THANK YOU!

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### 1.ºA.1

Operations & Algebraic Thinking

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.

Use addition and subtraction within 20 to solve word problems involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

Name	Date		
Operations & Algebraic Thinking			
I. Louis has 12 apples. Jim has 5 fewer apples than Louis. How many apples does Jim have?	4. Jason had 14 ladybugs. He caught 6 more. How many did he have altogether?		
2. Susan has 3 more marbles than Cindy. Cindy has 4 marbles. How many does Susan have?	5. Write a word problem to match the equation. 7+5=		
3. Mary had 18 pencils. She divided them equally between 2 cups. How many were in each cup?	6. Draw a picture to match the equation.		
3. There were I3 dogs outside and some were eating. 8 dogs were drinking water. How many dogs were eating?	7 Draw a picture to match the equation. 6-3=		

Operations & Algebraic Thinking

1.0A.2

Represent and solve problems involving addition and subtraction.

Solve word problems that call for addition of three whole numbers whose sum is less than or equal to 20, by using objects, drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.





Name	Date		
Operations & Algebraic Thinking			
I. Solve.	б. Solve.		
If 5+4= then 4+5=	5 + 4 +   = 5 + 5 =		
2. Solve.	7. Solve.		
If 8+2= then 2+8=	7 + 3 + 2 = 7 + =		
3. Solve.	8. Solve.		
If 7 + = 10 then + 7= 10	2 + 2 + 5 =		
4. Solve.	9. Solve.		
If 9+=  2 then+ 9 =  2	0 - 5 - 2 =  0 =		
5. Solve.	IO. Solve.		
If + 6 = 15 then 6 + = 15	20 - 8 - 5 = 20 =		

Operations & Algebraic Thinking

Understand and apply properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction.

Understand subtraction as an unknown-addend problem. For example, subtract 10 - 8 by finding the number that makes 10 when added to 8. Add and subtract within 20.













Name	Date		
Operations & Algebraic Thinking			
Circle the correct answer.			
I. True or False	6. True or False		
8 = 8	5 + 2 = 2 + 6		
2. True or False	7. True or False		
5 = б	3 + 4 = 4 + 3		
3. True or False	8. True or False		
9 = 8 + 1	3 + 9 = 6 + 6		
4. True or False	9. True or False		
10 = 5 + 5	7 + 8 = 8 + 6		
5. True or False	10. Solve.		
12 = 7 + 3	$ 2 + \_\_ =  0 +  0$		









Number & Operations in Pase Ten

I. NBT. 2

Count to 120, starting at any number less than 120. In this range, read and write numerals and represent a number of objects with a written numeral.

Understand that the two digits of a two-digit number represent amounts of tens and ones. Understand the following as special cases: 10 can be thought of as a bundle of ten ones — called a "ten." The numbers from 11 to 19 are composed of a ten and one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine ones. The numbers 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90 refer to one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine tens (and 0 ones).

Name	Date
Number & Operations in Base Ter	INBT.2
Write each numeral.	
	5. 000000000
	000000000
	000000000
	000000000
	00000
	6
	0.00000000
	000000000
	0000000
	_ 000000000
3.	<sup>/.</sup> 000000000
	000000000
	000000000
	000000000
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
	0
4 = = = =	
	8. 000000000
	0 0





Number & Operations in Base Ten

I. NBT. 4

# Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

Add within 100, including adding a two-digit number and a one-digit number, and adding a two-digit number and a multiple of 10, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used. Understand that in adding two-digit numbers, one adds tens and tens, ones and ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose a ten.



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Name	_Date
Number & Operations in Pase Te	I.NBT.5
Write IO more than the given number.	9. What is ten more than 78?
I. 30	
2. 44	Explain your answer
3. 65	IO. What is ten more than 22?
4. 72	Explain your answer
Write 10 less than the given number.	
5. 26	Write IO more and IO less than the given
б. 5I	
7. 89	25 19
8. 97	

Number & Operations in Pase Ten

I.NBT.6

Use place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

Subtract multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 from multiples of 10 in the range 10-90 (positive or zero differences), using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relate the strategy to a written method and explain the reasoning used.





#### Name\_\_\_\_

#### Measurement & Data

Date

#### I.MD.I

2 3



Compare the sizes of the lollipops . Answer the questions below.

I. Is lollipop I bigger or smaller than lollipop 2?

2. Is lollipop 3 bigger or smaller than lollipop !?

3. Is lollipop 2 bigger or smaller than lollipop 3?

4. Which lollipop is the smallest?

5. Draw 3 lines in order from shortest to longest.



3

6. Is object 2 longer or shorter than object !?

7. Is object 3 longer or shorter than object 2?

8. Which object is the longest?

Measurement & Data

I.MD.2

## Measure lengths indirectly and by iterating length units.

Express the length of an object as a whole number of length units, by laying multiple copies of a shorter object (the length unit) end to end; understand that the length measurement of an object is the number of same-size length units that span it with no gaps or overlaps. Limit to contexts where the object being measured is spanned by a whole number of length units with no gaps or overlaps.







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I.G. 3

### Reason with shapes and their attributes.

Partition circles and rectangles into two and four equal shares, describe the shares using the words halves, fourths, and quarters, and use the phrases half of, fourth of, and quarter of. Describe the whole as two of, or four of the shares. Understand for these examples that decomposing into more equal shares creates smaller shares.



Common Core Standards Checklist					
Name					
Operations & Algebraic Thinking	not mastered	in progress	mastered		
I.OA.I					
1.0A.2					
I.OA.3					
1.0A.4					
I.OA.5					
I.OA.6					
I.OA.7					
I.OA.8					
Number & Operations in Base Ten	not mastered	in progress	mastered		
I.NBT.I					
I.NBT.2					
I.NBT.3					
I.NBT.4					
I.NBT.5					
I.NBT.6					
Measurement & Data	not mastered	in progress	mastered		
I.MD.I					
I.MD.2					
I.MD.3					
I.MD.4					
Geometry	not mastered	in progress	mastered		
I.G.I					
I.G.2					
I.G.3					